A Safe

The fatal rapidity with which
and Coughs is quickly
the gravest maladies
and Influenza is a consideration
Impel every prudent person
and as a household remedy
AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL
Nothing else gives such immediate
and works so sure a cure in all
of this class. That
Prof. F. Sweitzer, of the Maryland
School, Brunswick, Md., says:
"Medical science has progressed
the composition now used as a
for throat, lung and
that at any time
Physician
The same opinion is
I have used Dr. J. C. Ayer's
Lowell, Mass., says:
"I have never found in
equal to Ayer's Cherry
and I have used it in my
for the last thirty years.
It is not a new remedy, but
have stood the test of time,
and, and the people
AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL
in numberless instances, cured
cases of chronic Bronchitis,
and even acute Pneumonia,
many patients in the
of Pulmonary Consumption,
medicine that only relieves
will do so, is pleasant to the
and, indeed in every house where
children, as there is nothing
AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL
cures of Croup and Whooping Cough.
These are all plain facts, which
verified by anybody, and should be
remembered by everybody.
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all druggists.

SOUTHERN and COLLIER
WHITE LEAD
Of St. Louis, Mo.
BERRY BROS' CELEBRATED
Varnishes & Hard Oil
Detroit, Mich.
JOHN W. MASURY & SONS (Successors)
COLORS IN OIL & JAPAN
G. W. GRAY & SONS (Bakers)
Pure Boiled and Raw
Linseed Oil
J. J. ADAMS & CO. (New York) Office
BRUSHES
The Celebrated RED CROSS Brand
MIXED PAINTS
FOR SALE IN LOTS TO SUIT
KELLY, DUNNE & CO.
Manufacturers, Importers and Dealers in
Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnishes
and Brushes,
42 Front St., Portland, Or.
SEND FOR PRICE LIST.

ORDER
Peruvian Bark
FROM—
McKesson, Robbins & Co.
Acker, Merrill & Condit,
Park & Tilford,
Caswell, Hazard & Co.
AND—
Any Druggist or Wine Merchant or Grocer
ON THE—
PACIFIC COAST.
CHAS. KOHN & CO., Agents
44 Front st., Portland, Or.

STAVER & WALKER
Carry the Largest Stock in the Northwest of
Buggies, Carriages, Spring Wagons
and Vehicles of All Kinds.
The best quality of work at reasonable prices.
Call and see them, or write for prices.
T. J. COLBERT
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
CARPETS,
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First and Yamhill sts.
GLASS SHADES & SHADE CLOTH
For Wax work, Flowers, etc.
HAMMERED BRASS & NICKLE PLATED
Lamps and Gasoliers
Rochester Lamp
Burners, Chimneys and Wicks.
Absolutely safe and simple.
Large variety PAINTED TOILET SETS
Haviland's French China
Decorating & Hand-Painting
CHAS. HEGELE & CO.
Second and Front st.

NOON & Co.
Nos. 22 North Front st.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BAGS of all kinds
DUCK, TWINES, AWNINGS,
HYDRAULIC HOSE,
COTTON DUCK,
Of all weights and numbers
GRAIN SACK PRINTING
IN ANY STYLE
Defeats Thieves, Burglars
Protection Unexcelled
ELECTRIC MATTING.
Complete Outfit $6
DAYTON & HALL,
191 First st., Portland.
The Perfect Incubator & Brooder.
Gold Medal at Mechanics' Fair, San Francisco, 1883, over all competitors. It will hatch any kind of eggs, and raise every chick hatched. Also the American Wire Netting Machine for making Poultry Netting, Field and Water Fences. Send 2c stamp for 60 page illustrated catalogue to Pacific Incubator Co., Box 149 Oakland, Cal.
Spanish Cedar, Walnut, Oak and Cherry
Lumber and Veneers.
Hard Timber & Locust Tree Nails.
JOHN WIGMORE,
San Francisco.
VEHICLE AGENCY
122 MERRILL
Portland, Oregon.
Send for Catalogue.
OREGON OIL CLOTHING HOUSE
No. 23 NORTH FIRST STREET.
McMillen's addition.
VICTOR

Portland Brewing Co.
Nos. 1, 2, 5 and 7 North First St., Portland, Or.,
Importers and Wholesale Liquor Dealers.
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CHAMPAGNE,
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BRANDIES,
WHISKIES,
VAL BLATZ WIENER BEER,
WHITE ROCK MINERAL WATER.
BUSINESS SPECIALS.
SHANNON & CO., Victoria, B. C.,
Real Estate, Coal, Iron, Lime, Timber Lands etc., in British Columbia & Puget Sound, W. T.
AT WHOLESALE ONLY:
Illinois Watches, Jewelry, etc. Supply all goods at Eastern rates.
S. H. GREENBERG, 117 Battery st., S. F.
Late of Kerrlchen & Greenberg, Portland.
SPRING, 1886. The Finest and Most Fashionable Patterns in Suitings and Trouserings arrived. J. Loucks & Co., 208 Washington st.
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MACHINERY.
Most Approved Patterns
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No. 5 North Front Street, Portland, Or.
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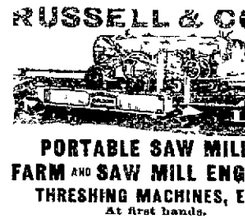
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FARM AND SAW MILL ENGINES,
THRESHING MACHINES, ETC.,
At first hands.
$280 BOYS THE BEST MILL IN THE WORLD for the money. Catalogue and price list free. Address RUSSELL & CO., Portland, Or.
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A SPECIALTY
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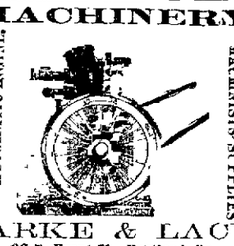
PARKE & LACY
66 N. Front St., Portland, Or.
(Mention this paper.)
Brown & Betts,
FAMILY GROCERIES,
AND
SHIP STORES.
Sarsaparilla Consumption
Catarrh in its destructive force stands next to and
often literally leads on to consumption. Yet there are
single cases that those afflicted with this terrible disease
should not make it the object of their lives to cure them
of it. No exception of any one need be made,
and pretend to say that we know of no case we should
not feel confident of the great majority of such cases we
should undertake. They have resolved to offer
of misery rather than to cure. Blended as with
full practical
But this will not do. Catarrh must be met at every
stage and combated with all our might. In many
cases the disease has assumed dangerous symptoms,
like bones and cartilage. The nose disfigured,
breathing or eating and talking so offensive as to be
useless. The ulcers elongated, throat so inflamed
irritated as to produce a constant and distressing
cough.
CRAFFORD'S RADICAL CURE meets every phase of
Catarrh from a simple feet cold to the most loathsome
and destructive stages. It is local and constitutional.
It stands in relation to permanent in cures,
as does cod liver oil to consumption.
Each package contains one bottle of the RADICAL
CURE, one box CATARRHAL REMEDY, and an
IMPROVED INHALER, with treatise.
SET DRUG & CHEMICAL CO., BOSTON

MOST PERFECT MADE
A special report of Health
Dr. Price's Baking Powder Co.
ST. LOUIS.

WILL CERTAINLY CURE Coughs Colds Hoarseness Sore Throat Bronchitis Influenza Asthma, Whooping Cough Croup and every Affection of the Throat Lungs and Chest including Consumption. Sold by all druggists.
PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION
PILES Instant relief. Final cure in 10 days, and never returns. No purge, no salve, no suppository. Sufferers will learn of a simple remedy Free, by addressing C. J. MASON, 78 Nassau st., N. Y.

Morning Oregonian.
VOL. 26—NO. 8098. PORTLAND, OREGON, MONDAY, APRIL 26, 1886. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

THE EAST.

Labor Demonstration Under the Red Flag.

MORE WILD TALK BY HERR MOST

Convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers Jay Gould Interviewed—Eastern News Items.

CHICAGO, April 5. Throughout the Lumber portion of the city today all from orders that this was Easter Sunday were practically to attract much as was the case on the previous Sundays that it was to do this day. The liberation of word ingenious assortment of Socialistic banners and horrifying mottoes of swarthy faced lumber shovers was conspicuous in the celebration of the early hours, by the presence of church bells. The Socialistic branch of the labor movement, under the auspices of the central labor union, representing the communistic element among the laboring people of the city. There was a great number of men in line, probably 25 to 4000 several bands of music, preceded by the score and more new United States flags.

THE PROCESSION

In the vicinity of the starting point, on Lundolph street in the old Bohemian district, before 10 A. M. the streets were filled with people, and before 11 o'clock it was almost impossible to cross the streets as many as could possibly get in. All day long horse cars and omnibuses were laid up on account of the crowds.

The column moved with the usual front where the Socialistic leaders were in carriages. Then in the order of their numbers and the words "Drink water like the cattle" says Most. Work until I die!" etc.

On the way Most was presented with a bouquet of red flowers by the driver of a wagon who refused to drive through the procession. Down on Lundolph street the column halted, and the caps were thrown in the air.

THE CROWD HEARS A SPEECH

When the procession reached the lake front the speakers stand was surrounded by the wings of the column, and perhaps 20,000 gathered there. Two stands had been erected, one for the speakers, Michael Schwab and Mr. Hirsch in German, Stand Parsons spoke in English, Schwab the crowd and Most in Bohemian. On the other platform Sam Fielden, August Spies and John A. Henry harangued the multitude. Spies speaking in German and the others in English.

The speech of the evening of the bloodand thunder order, and declared in favor of the abolition of private capital and unification of all wealth. Parsons declared if starvation was forced upon the masses they would raise the banner of liberty and of rights and sweep away all their oppressors. Henry said that heretofore all strikes had been wrong. Men struck to walk out. They must learn to walk in and throw the employers and managers out. In the event of the owner of the factory refusing to throw out 500 or 600 workmen.

While the speaking was in progress all the United States flags on the stand in which Parsons was seated were furled and took it out of sight while the red flag was flaunted on all sides. Some one in the crowd had brought a number of red flags and streamers as Parsons spoke of raising the banner of liberty, and pointed to the red flag of the Central Labor Union answer was given that but in a couple of minutes the stars and stripes were unfurled from it again.

When the speaking had been concluded a torch light procession was formed and marched through the principal streets, the line of march being the same as that taken in the morning.

The Oregonian.

PORTLAND, MONDAY APRIL 26, 1886.

THE HOUSE OF LORDS

The function of the house of lords, in the scheme of English government is peculiar. It was a powerful political influence up to the passage of the reform bill in 1832, when Lord Grey determined to create peers enough to pass the bill in the house of lords, and so advised king William the Fourth, but the king refused. Thereupon the ministry resigned and the Duke of Wellington undertook to form a new government and stem the tide. But he also proved powerless. The former ministry returned and William the Fourth made his submission and caved in. "The king grants peerages," to his chancellor, Lord Brougham, only made such a number of peers as were sufficient to ensure the passage of the reform bill. Upon this, rather than be overwhelmed by new creations, a majority of the opposition withdrew themselves from the house and the bill was passed. Since that day the house of commons has governed England, and the house of lords has only registered its decrees. The only instance wherein resistance when anything approaching resistance to the will of the commons has been attempted, was when Sir Stafford Northcote, as chancellor of the exchequer under Lord Palmerston, in 1860, carried through the house of commons the repeal of the duty on paper, the last remnant of the ancient system of English finance which pressed severely on journalism, by a majority of only nine votes. The house of lords, under the lead of Lords Lyndhurst and Derby, rejected the bill of Gladstone by a majority of eighty-nine. Mr Bright, in the commons, pointed out that the constitution never gave the house of lords any power of reimposing a tax which the commons had repealed. Great public meetings were held in London and the north and much anger was expressed at the conduct of the house of lords. The principal function of the house of lords is to interpose at some moment of emergency and give the house of commons time to reconsider its action. The delaying power, which our president exercises by his veto, is almost exactly the same as that which English political usage, even more than the British constitution, has put at the discretion of the house of lords. The president, by his veto, sends back a measure for reconsideration. This is all that the house of lords can now do, and only in exceptional cases do the peers dare to do so much. When once the action of the house of lords has been seriously called in question, it may be taken for granted that it will not be repeated. One indignant writer of that day insisted that if the lords did not give way, "the English people would turn them out of Westminster palace and strew the Thames with the wrecks of their painted chamber." Gladstone denounced the action of the lords as "a gigantic innovation." It is needless to say that the lords did not persist in their purpose, and Gladstone's resolution abolishing the excise on paper became a law.

Of those who attend the house of lords one-fifth have passed the age of three-score and ten, thirty-seven are upward of 75, and twenty-three are octogenarians. The average age of the peers is 58. With the exception of Lord Derby and Lord Salisbury, who stand for the ancient families of Stanley and Cecil, that can trace their lineage back to Lord Derby, who defeated Richard the Third at the battle of Bosworth, and to Lord Burleigh, the famous minister of Queen Elizabeth, the few able men in the house of lords have been promoted from the commons. They are chiefly what are called law-lords, like Sir Roundell Palmer, made Lord Selborne, and the late Lord Cairns, and this has been true for the last hundred years of England's history. When we think of English peers who have been great statesmen they are all distinguished commoners promoted for great legal abilities or exceptional political services. Chatham, Holland, Camden, Thurlow, Loughborough, Lyndhurst, Eldon, Stowell, Mansfield, Brougham, Ashburton, Macaulay, Henconsfield, were all great commoners. Out of twenty-eight dukes is coming when this wooden-headed hereditary legislature will be extinguished and perhaps replaced by an elective body like our American senate. The radical organs of the English liberals are loudly calling for the obliteration of the house of lords. Labouchere, in London *Truth*, not long since, used the following uncompromising language concerning the lords:

Do you my respected conservative friends suppose that we shall tolerate hereditary legislators imposing a veto on our will? Do you imagine that we shall allow territorial magnates to own countries? Do you think that we shall assent to millions per annum being handed over by the state to one million sect? Is it probable that we shall submit to the executive being in the hands of peers and plutocrats who do all they can to render the labor ingatory? Can you be so blind as not to see that we shall insist upon equality of sacrifice as to the basis of taxation the obligation to raise the public revenue from those best able to bear it? Monstrous doctrine you say. You think so but we do not and the practical question is not which of us is right, but which will prevail. You gave us the victory when you aided us in establishing universal suffrage and electoral districts. The battle is already won. If you do not perceive this I am sorry for your intelligence. You may perhaps delay your walk between the Caudine Forks but you cannot escape it. Before long, as few half votes and the government could know how the wind was, the interest of the country and the wheel has come round. You are now at the bottom we are at the top. What then does the inevitable fate of events or ideas in the inevitable? Nothing but a long and as I have already shown a very pleasant walk.

On the passage of Gladstone's Irish franchise bill Sir Wemyss Reid writes that London and other counties, but only slightly, is where the Liberals have made up the Tory majority and the influence of the peers and the gentry and landed classes has vanished. He says that the enlargement of the electorate is the most sensational political revolution of the century, because, instead of being drawn chiefly from the middle classes, as was the case with the reform bill of 1832, the new voters are largely agricultural laborers, who, as a class, are more illiterate than the town artisans, and are entirely dependent upon the landlords. Gladstone's Irish bill, he says, will enfranchise the laborer, but the person as generally the provincial magistrate who promises petty offices against prosecutions under the game laws with murderous severity. He says the person in whose church the poor man was forced to kneel, while he was compelled to pay for the support of the parson, completely away, and instead the house of lords for an early grave. Andrew Carnegie, the well known rich manufacturer of Pittsburg, Pa., who has lived a good deal in England during the last twenty years, believes that democracy will at no distant day have acted control of the British islands. He believes that England will give home rule to Ireland with rights similar to those enjoyed by the citizens of the American Union. "The child now lives," said Mr Carnegie, "who will see every English-speaking community living under the extremest views of the rights of man, as formulated in our declaration of independence, without a vestige of privileges from birth, without king or aristocracy, without united church and state, without great standing armies, unhampered by primogeniture and entail, with equal electoral privileges and equal districts."

It is safe to say that not one-fourth part of the voters of Multnomah county will vote this year what politicians call a "straight ticket." In a few days the democratic ticket will be presented and then, with all the tickets before him the the voter will begin to deliberate, with a view to making his own nominations. Thousands of voters will hold a convention, each for himself, and the bosses will not be present to "set it up," on them.

The ways and means committee of the house last week made another strong report against the Hawaiian treaty. This treaty is one of the jobs that J. H. Mitchell ran through the senate during his former term in that body.

The registry list at Tacoma shows a voting population of 1710, of whom 320 are women. The municipal election will take place in May.

"DECADENCE OF LEGISLATION"

New York and Ohio just now furnish notable illustration of what has been called the "decadence of legislation in the United States." These cases reach into national affairs and so have brought to national attention a subject heretofore only considered locally. It is found upon comparison that legislatures in their personal composition are pretty much alike in all the states, and that during the past twenty-five years there has been a continuous retrograde movement. It is said of the last Ohio legislature that which next two years ago that "it did absolutely nothing for the welfare of the public, that it was not true to any trust, and its choice of a United States senator was undoubtedly determined by the use of bribes, of which plentiful evidence has been found by an investigating committee. The next question which came before its successor was whether men chosen by virtue of one of the most atrocious election frauds should or should not be admitted to seats. On that point was a deadlock and the bitterest possible struggle. Ohio, a body, possessed of even a higher character than the average legislature equally bad. It is described by the phrase now becoming of general application, "one of the worst the state ever had." An unreported critic, writing of his body, declares that "not daring to rule under the present outburst of opinion against the street railway robbers, it has yet done nothing worth mentioning to assist reform. It has fastened up in New York city an odious job in strengthening a gas monopoly without which was asked to break down, but it has been faithless, in a like manner, to the people's interest in every direction."

In Oregon we are able to parallel these scandals without going back further than last year. We have only just gotten through with one of those "events in the history of the state" legislatures. In the matters of stupidity and corruption, in their various and interesting forms, we will match our last legislature against all comers. Every important duty was either stupidly or corruptly botched, and a special session, called to correct the work of the regular session, only made matters the worse.

Legislatures are improperly made up, because there is general disqualification on the part of competent and worthy men to serve in them. The men of right qualification who are willing to do this public work are few in number, comparatively. The absence of live issues and the consequent decline of partisanship are doubtless the causes. During the storming times of twenty years ago better men were at the front, and legislatures were not left to be made up by corrupt bosses for their own purposes.

The state board of immigration has issued a bulletin, showing climatic conditions and temperature at Portland during the months of November and December, 1885, and January and February, 1886. During November the maximum temperature was 65, the minimum was 31 and the mean was 47 during December the maximum was 57, the minimum was 27 and the mean was 45, during January the maximum was 60, the minimum was 15 and the mean was 36 during February the maximum was 65, the minimum was 31 and the mean was 47. The mean temperature at Portland during November and December differed little from that at Atlanta, Ga during January it was exactly the same as at Galveston, Texas, during February it was 12 degrees higher at Portland than at Louisville, and 4 degrees higher than at Galveston. The circular issued by the board says the climate of Oregon is "healthful and invigorating." It is healthful, undoubtedly, and invigorating, too,—invigorating, that is to say, for sleep and general repose, if we may judge of its effects from the restful spirit that has stolen so gently over many persons in the country.

There is unprecedented and astonishing unanimity in the republican party of Multnomah county. It appeared in the convention on Saturday, where the programme mostly went through without necessary of conference or explanation. There were about fifty four souls in that convention with but a single thought, unanimity is phenomenal and impressive. The great republican party of the nation overthrew slavery, suppressed the rebellion and restored the Union. Why, therefore, shouldn't the local bosses in Multnomah be allowed a quarter of a century later, to carry through their own schemes of selfishness and profit in the name of the great republican party, and require every republican to vote the ticket, the whole ticket and nothing but the ticket, on the plea that the salvation of the country depends on it?

The "slated" republican state ticket is this: For governor, T. R. Cornelius; congress, H. Hermann; treasurer, A. Gilbert; secretary of state, Phil Metschen; superintendent of public instruction, T. F. McElroy; justice of the supreme court, W. Lair Hill. This last name is put on the slate because Waldo isn't liked and the dynasty don't care whether Hill is elected or not, and feel that if he should be beaten they could easily afford the sacrifice. Since this is understood, the ticket of the republican regency will be nominated, unless the managers fail to control the delegations from the interior counties.

The railroad war is ended and rates across the continent are advanced but not to old rates. Indeed, it is not probable the old rates will ever be restored. The new advance is from 2 to 10 per cent below the old. Whether the rates between Portland and Eastern cities will be made the same as between San Francisco and Portland or the former has not yet been fixed.

Dr. Hall is right on Hermann's hat he insists that the president's wife he must have but by some coincidence of the sex, and that with the "spot cash" present the senator will the "papers must be submitted with the other fixtures."

Ben. F. W. Davenport has reported in pamphlet form the article on the swamp land management of the state which was published some two months ago in THE OREGONIAN.

The next editor of the dispatch, instead of appointing him its "chosen friend" will be wise to appoint him its "chosen enemy." But beware of imitations. Get the genuine article manufactured by Dr. J. C. H. Shorey & Sons.

MEETING NOTICES.

LODGE—On Monday evening, April 26, at 7:30 o'clock, a full attendance of the members is requested. By order of the W. M. C. W. LOWTHER, Sec'y.

BIRTH.

In this city, April 25, to the wife of C. Miller, a son.

NEW TO-DAY.

Homes—THE PRINTER, 102 Third st., and Commercial work. Legal Blanks. Book Binding. None but Full No. to get his prices.

DR. HENRY JONES'S HOUSE, NO. 1 FOURTH st., on Oak, for rent. Inquire on lot, and for further particulars of Dr. Jones, on his farm, each day except Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of this week. 25 1f

SAFES—FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF. New and second hand at reduced rates. Get our prices. W. B. WILSHIRE & CO., 48 Front st., cor. Ash. A. J. WEBB, Agent.

EASTERN APPLES.

To Arrive April 26th,

Car load of Early New York Apples in barrels. For sale in lots to suit.

MARK LEVY, 122 Front St., 2nd st. n.

COAL—JUST LANDED ex Br. BK. "Mallagate," For sale, about 120 tons best English Nut Coal, in lots to suit purchasers. $7.50 per ton of 2240 lbs on the dock. Apply to TAYLOR, YOUNG & CO., 84 Front st.

NEW TO-DAY.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 21 Main st.

TWO WAISTS AND JACK. APPLY IN REAR of 111 Third and Ash.

NEW LEANOS FOR RENT AT REDUCED CHARGES. 1 Morrison st.

FOR RENT—CLEVER, NEAT AND INTELLIGENT with base. Call No. 111 Front st.

BY NEXT MONDAY—AN INTELLIGENT BOY from 15 to 17 years old. Apply at 111 Front st.

WANTED—YOUNG LADY OR GENTLEMAN to canvass. Call at 111 Front st.

FOR HIRE—A NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, with or without board. 111 Front st.

A WOMAN WISHES A SITUATION TO DO housework. Call at 111 Front st.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ON AND after this date I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, ELIZABETH THOMPSON. ELIZABETH THOMPSON.

JUST RECEIVED—A CHOICE LOT OF FRESH Shell Oysters. Also Fish and Game in season. 111 Front st.

DEPARTURE—A NEW ORLEANS LADY WILL leave for that city on the 27th inst. Those wishing to travel with her please call at 111 Front st.

FOR SALE—2 LOTS TO BE REMOVED ONLY A short distance from the city limits. Apply at 111 Front st.

CLOTHING CLEANED, REPAIRED AND RENOVATED by the Portland Clothing Co., 111 Front st.

MONEY TO LOAN FROM $10 TO $500 FOR short time on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, etc. Call at 111 Front st.

GERMAN LADIES, IMPORTED SWISS GOODS. Corsets and Hosiery. Agent Kent Knitting Works. Mrs. M. HALL, 111 Front st.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC—A PARTY WHO recently left this city with certain articles not his own, the property of the undersigned, is hereby notified that unless the articles are returned at once proceedings will be instituted against him. F. Eastwood will not be responsible for any bindings of position he may present to any one. F. EASTWOOD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I HAVE THIS day sold my entire interest in the firm of Hall & Co. to my partner, Mr. Hall, who will continue the business at the old stand. All persons having claims against the firm will present them to him for payment, and all persons indebted to the firm will make payment to him. Dated this 24th day of April, 1886. C. HALL.

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THE ST. CHARLES.

THE LEADING HOTEL

Of the Northwest.

Cor. Front and Morrison streets, Portland, Oregon.

200 ROOMS

C. W. KNOWLES, Prop.

THE HOUSE HAS JUST BEEN THOROUGHLY overhauled from ground floor to attic, being refurnished throughout and furnished throughout again. Twenty additional rooms on the west end, second floor, all can rely now in appointments.

AN OTIS ELEVATOR

has just been introduced with capacity for carrying ten persons at a light, making the upper floors as convenient as those on the ground.

THE ST. CHARLES is now arranged on strictly the finest and most complete establishment of the kind in the Northwest.

THE RESTAURANT,

—IN CHARGE OF—

CHARLES HEILMAN,

—IS—

Conducted in First-Class Style,

—AND—

Affords Visitors Every Luxury Known to the Epicure.

The sale of the business, stock and fixtures of the estate of F. C. Hammond & Co., insolvent debtor, corner of First and Salmon sts., is postponed until Wednesday, April 28, 1886, at 2 o'clock P. M.

E. S. EDWARDS, Assignee.

[illegible] throughout the Northwest.

Will please bear in mind that The West Shore Lithographing and Engraving Company [illegible] the only latest improved steam machinery for manufacturing Checks and Drafts, Pass Books and everything required in a Stationery line. We employ a large force of skillful artists and can do anything in this line that can be done. Our work is equal to that of the best Eastern houses and our prices are low. West Shore Lithographing and Engraving Co., 5 and 7 1/2 Second st., cor. Yamhill. Portland, Oregon. Send for estimates.

S. W. Cor. Third & Morrison.

Special Prices for This Week.

	per yd
75 pcs. Curves Cloths	10c
150 pcs. Figured Cretonnes	15c
50 pcs. Brocade Cloths	20c
120 pcs. Iridescent Bradford Lustres	20c
60 pcs. Lace Bouclés, (Evening Shades)	20c
250 pcs. Cretonnes	25c
80 pcs. Cheese Cloth (Evening Shades)	10c
65 pcs. All Wool Cashmeres, New Shades,	50c
50 pcs. All Wool Cashmeres, New Shades,	50c

Through a combination of most favorable circumstances in purchasing, we are enabled to offer the above lines at prices quoted.

THE STAR THEATRE.

CASINO OPERA HOUSE.

JESSE COOK, Manager.

EASTER MONDAY, APRIL 26.

THE BOHEMIAN GIRL

By Balfe.

Seats on sale at Kerrigan's Drug Store.

FLORAL GARDEN.

Kutzschan & Scheydecker

FLOWERS

For Bouquets and Funeral Decorations. Large stock

ROSES and PLANTS,

Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, Coniferous Evergreen Fruit Trees. Drawings, Plans and laying out of Parks and Gardens by contract.

147 Market st., cor. Seventh.

WM. BECK. JESSE WADDELL, Late Plank & Co.

BERGER & WADDELL, PAINTERS,

130 FIRST ST.

(Up Stairs.) 10mlm

THE STATISTICAL OREGONIAN,

Send ten (10) cents for a copy of the twenty-page New Year's edition.

WANTED—HELP.

WANTED—A NURSE GIRL AT 8 N. EIGHTH st. Call in and 8 a. m.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS DOUBLE HOUSE WORK girl. Apply at 111 Fourth st. corner Clay.

WANTED—A TRUSTWORTHY YOUNG MAN with a little money to invest. Apply at No. 81 Washington st.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS BARBER. GOOD lady cash. Call at 111 Front st. Address John T. Rose, Cedar Mills, Or.

WANTED—AN INTELLIGENT EARNEST Catholic man to travel and solicit large responsible business in Oregon and Washington Territory; salary $100 a month and expenses, and steady employment. Address, with stamp for reply, Box 111, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—Tailoring and Cleaning. Steady employment. Work done by the day. Call at 111 Front st. We have a few [illegible] left. Call and get ready for Easter. A. BERGER, 111 Front st.

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT.

DRESSMAKING. MRS. SWAN, 111 Front st., between Alder and Morrison.

RELIABLE AND EFFICIENT NURSE TO BE found at 111 Front st.

WANTED—BY A CHINESE BOY SITUATION in a family. Inquire at 111 Front st.

A NEW PLUNGE BATH IS NOW OPEN AT 111 Front st. Bathing suits and towels furnished free. Open from 6 a. m. to 10 p. m.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—A GASOLINE ENGINE, 2 TO 4 horse power. Address, stating price, 111 Front st.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR OLD gold and silver. Call at 111 Front st.

WANTED—AGENTS.

SEWING MACHINE CANVASSERS WANTED. For both city and country. References required. Apply at The Singer Manufacturing Co.'s office, 111 Front st.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE FINEST SALOONS on Puget Sound. Apply to LOUIS HORN, Olympia, W. T.

WANTED—A PARTNER WITH $500 TO $1000 (middle aged preferred) in an established business. Call at 111 Front st.

FOR SALE—A BUSINESS CHANCE CAN BE had for some white does no competition in this line. Apply at 111 Front st.

$1000—A PARTNER WANTED OF A PERSON (gentleman preferred) who can furnish the above amount and can take active charge of the business. Address, stating where interview can be had, Box 111, Portland, Or.

$4000 WILL BUY ONE OF THE FINEST paying businesses in town. Cash about $800 a year. Apply at once to C. A. REED, 111 Washington st., Portland.

$300 WILL BUY ONE OF THE BEST PAYING business chances in the city. Business established one year. Cash receipts about $100 per month. Reason for selling, sickness. Apply at 111 Front st., Portland.

WANTED—SIX ENTERPRISING CAPITALISTS with about $500 each to join in forming a stock company. Will give a fair chance to a good man. Call at 111 Front st., Portland.

TO PHYSICIANS—FOR SALE, MY PRACTICE and office furniture, in a thriving town of 1000 people. Will give a fair chance to a good man. Reason for selling, ill health. Address, 111 Front st., Portland, Or.

FOR SALE—A RARE CHANCE. A FIRST-CLASS established business in one of the best towns of Eastern Oregon. Cause for selling, desire to go into business. Inquire at 111 First st., Portland, Oregon.

FOR SALE—HALF INTEREST IN NEARLY new sawmill; capacity 2 M per day; operating on title of A. B. Hall & Co.; right party, liberal terms. Address ALFRED THOMPSON, Attorney and Real Estate Agent, Olympia, W. T.

COUNTRY STORE FOR SALE ON WEST SIDE. 11 miles from Portland; 111 railroad; 111 miles from steamboat landing. Apply to A. J. HAMILTON, 111 Alder, Portland, Oregon.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR THREE DAYS A FINE BARGAIN IS offered in a block of land conveniently to the city. Apply to CLAYTON & OLIVER, 111 Stark st.

FOR SALE—BARGAINS—LOTS AND HOUSES and lots; call and get price list of portables. Also 111 acres with 111 fruit trees and valuable patent WM. O'CONNOR, cor. Front and Pine sts.

FOR SALE—IN THE TOWN OF MILWAUKIE, Or.—Business and dwelling property, all in first-class shape and in good locality; owner must sell. Apply to Dr. J. C. CARSON, Milwaukie, Or.

FOR SALE—LOTS 111 AND 111, BLOCK 7, JOHNson's addition, Portland. Will be sold cheap for cash or on time. Apply to owner, 111 Front st.

FOR SALE—NOTES TO DEPOSITORS ONLY. A limited number of Oregon Improvement Co. 6 per cent bonds, due 1895, at 111 and interest. Available as the land must be sold. C. W. GILLETTE, 7 Sansome st.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN A 50-ACRE farm, with 111 acres under cultivation and 111 acres of choice bearing orchard; small fruits, commodious house, barn and outbuildings; 111 cross fences, watering wagons and all tools necessary for a first-class farm, together with young sheep and hogs. For particulars address JO. IN M. at P. O. Box 111, Portland, Or.

A PERFECT HOME FOR SALE IN HOOD RIVER valley, 111 miles from Portland, with more than 111 bearing fruit trees, 111 bearing vines, 111 two-inch trees from 111 to 111 years old. The first payment about 111 cash. Address, for interview, Box 111, Portland, Or.

FOR SALE—THE LAND LOCATED ON THE SOUTH side of Burnside st., between 111 and 111 sts., 111 feet on Burnside st. by 111 feet deep. Terms, one-half cash, balance in one year. Apply to owner, 111 Front st., or at the Portland Hotel.

FOR SALE—THE BUILDING, LOTS AND APPARATUS of the Portland Steam Laundry, 111 and 111 Front st. Terms easy. Will exchange for city property. Apply to 111 Front st., Portland, Or.

FOR SALE—A RARE CHANCE TO GET A GOOD paying business. Cash about $111 per month. Reason for selling, sickness. Apply at 111 Front st., Portland, Or.

BUY YOURSELF A CHEAP HOME WHILE you can. We offer for sale a few choice lots on the installment plan. Small payments at long time. Call and see us. Portland Co-operative Building Association, 111 Front st., Portland, Or.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE OF HOUSE OF 111 rooms, with or without the house. Inquire at 111 Sansome st.

MACHINERY FOR SALE CHEAP.

TO RENT—ROOMS AND OFFICES.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, 111 Salmon and Main sts. No. 111 Second st.

PLEASANT ROOMS AT 111 SNAZELLE ST. ONE block from postoffice.

HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS FURNISHED COMplete. No. 111 First st.

PLEASANT UNFURNISHED FRONT BAY-WINdow room at 111 Yamhill st.

TO RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED ROOM IN private family to two gentlemen. 111 Front st.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED FRONT room (bay window); use of bath. No. 111 Taylor st.

A SUITE OF SUNNY ROOMS, ALSO ROOMS suitable for light housekeeping. S. W. cor. Yamhill and First.

FOR RENT—WELL FURNISHED FRONT room with large bay window; also small room. No. 111 Yamhill st., corner Second.

PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOMS, GAS BATH, etc., convenient to street cars. Inquire at 111 Morrison st., corner Pacific.

PLEASANT THREE FURNISHED ROOMS AND bath; table if desired. 111 Front st.

NEWLY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, SUITable for two persons; also back room for $4. 111 Second st., cor. Ash.

FOR RENT—A NICE, WELL-LIGHTED NEW MARKET for butcher. Inquire of CUMMINGS & CO., 111 Front st.

FOR RENT—ONE LARGE AND ONE SMALL room for gentlemen. Inquire at 111 Fourth st., between Washington and Stark.

TO RENT—HOUSES AND STORES.

FOR RENT—HOUSE WITH SEVEN ROOMS, bath, etc. Inquire at 111 Third st.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED HOUSE with three rooms. Inquire at 111 Second st.

FOR RENT—NEW HOUSE, 5 ROOMS, MODERN improvements. Inquire at 111 Second st.

FOR RENT—5 ROOMS AND BATH. 111 Yamhill st.

TO LET—A FURNISHED COTTAGE CONtaining 5 rooms and bath; rent $40 a month. Inquire at 111 Front st.

FOR RENT—A HOUSE OF 5 ROOMS AND bath, with 111 acres of land. Inquire at 111 Front st.

FOR RENT—THE ELEGANT STORE CORNER of First and Main sts., at present occupied by Mrs. Ash. Will be in thirty days. Possession given May 1. Also the mill building, store and room. Good rents will be given to good tenants. Inquire of F. P. WARNER, 111 Water st., or Willamette Savings Bank, Front st.

FOR RENT—FROM THE FIRST OF MAY, THE fine house on hard garden and grounds formerly occupied by Mrs. Failing, corner of Park and Clay sts. Inquire of E. W. GILLETTE, 7 Sansome st.

TO RENT—ROOMS, WITH BOARD.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS with board. At 111 West Park street, cor. Main.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS with board, single or in suite, one block from streetcar. Address P. O. box 111.

FOR RENT—ELEGANT FURNISHED BAY window room; also one unfurnished room with board and bath. 111 Ash street.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

REMOVED—HERMAN METZGER, DEALER IN Hides, Skins, Wool and Fur, removed to corner Front and Ash sts.

REMOVAL—DOCTOR A. C. PANTON HAS REmoved to the S. W. cor. First and Alder sts., over Woodard, Clark & Co.'s Drug Store. Telephone 111.

ROBT. KILFORD, MERCHANT TAILOR, HAS removed to 111 Third st., near Ash. Don't forget to give him a call.

TO RENT OR LEASE—A PARCEL OF LAND suitable for milk ranch or garden. Address P. O. box 111, Salem.

ANY ONE WISHING TO ADOPT A LINE of healthy boy about 5 months old and handsome enough for any family, address, addressing P. O. box 111, Oregon.

EUREKA STEAM LAUNDRY—FIRST STREET Bridge, South Portland. Only patent help employed. Satisfaction guaranteed; prices reasonable. P. O. No. 111. Orders by postal card promptly attended to. No Chinese employed. M. J. DAVISON & CO., Proprietors.

WAH HING & CO. (FORMERLY OF NO. 111 Yamhill st.) have removed their stock of Japanese goods to No. 111 Alder st., First and Second sts., where they will continue to furnish the Japanese goods as before, and invite their old customers and the public generally to call and examine their stock. Make every thing to order.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

SUTTON & BEEBE, SHIP CHANDLERY AND naval stores, 111 Front st., Portland, Or.

ALLEN & LEWIS, COMMISSION AND PRODUCE Merchants, Front and D sts., Portland, Or.

H. E. BATTIN, GENERAL COMMISSION MERchant and produce dealer, 111 Front street.

C. CÆSAR & CO., SHIPPING AND COMMISsion Merchants, 111 North Front street, Portland.

MASON, FERMAN & CO., WHOLESALE GROcers and commission merchants, No. 111 North Front st., Portland, Or.

TAYLOR, YOUNG & CO., SHIP BROKERS AND Commission Merchants, agents for San Juan Arcata Lime Co., 111 First street, cor. Ash st.

MILLER & WEST—(J. O. MILLER, W. H. WEST) commission merchants in general, and dairy produce, 111 Front st., between Washington and Stark.

J. O. sale grocers and shipping and commission merchants, 111 North Front st., Portland, Or.

SLADDEN & CHURCH, COMMISSION MERchants in country produce, butter, cheese, dried and green fruits, 111 Front st., Portland, Or.

SIBSON, QUACKENBUSH & CO., SHIPPING AND Commission Merchants, specialties, wheat, flour, salmon, grain bags, etc., N. W. cor. Front and Ash sts., Portland, Or.

MARK LEVY, COMMISSION MERCHANT, importer of and dealer in tropical and domestic fruits, dried and canned fruits, nuts, figs, dates and raisins, 122 Front st. Consignments of Oregon and California produce solicited.

MILL AND FARM MACHINERY.

E. T. WRIGHT, FARM & MILL MACHINERY, Shipman Engine, Odell Steam Engines, Iowa Pumps, Belting, Lace Leather, Machinery oil, and 111 Front st., Portland, Or.

FRANK BROSIUS' IMPLEMENT COMPANY, importer and dealer in farm and mill machinery, 111 and 111 Front st., Portland, Or.

CHAS. H. DODD & CO., SOLE AGENTS, BUCKEYE Mower and Reaper, Canton Plow, Thresher, Haines Header, Schnitzer Wagons, Front, First and Vine sts.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

ALLEN & LEWIS, WHOLESALE GROCERS, DOBBIN N. Front and D sts., Portland, Or.

CORBITT & MACLEAY, WHOLESALE GROCERS and Commission Merchants, 111 and 111 Front st., Portland.

WADHAMS & ELLIOTT, WHOLESALE GROCERS, Forwarding and Commission Merchants, Nos. 111 and 111 Front street, Portland, Or.

J. O'CONNOR, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL grocer, dealer in ship stores, gents' and crew goods, foreign and domestic fruits, etc. N. Front st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ALBERT BARTLETT, GUNS, REPAIRS AND Sporting Goods, Locksmith and Bell Hanger, 111 Second st., Portland, Or.

J. H. PINK, CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST, AGENT for Colorado Mineral Water, 111 First st.

SOLID IRON SODA BOILERS.

NORTHROP & STURGIS, 111 and 111 First st., Cascade and Mitchell Wks., agents for Chas. Cook's Sons' Mfg. Co., Cincinnati, O.

FOR SALE—TWO MILLION OR LESS CLEAR, clear and shaved shingles. Enquire of T. J. TOMKINS, 111 First st.

FINANCIAL.

TO LOAN—$100 TO $2000 ON GOOD CITY AND country property or personal security. Apply at 111 Simon's 12 1/2 First st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED CITY AND country property in sums to suit. Apply at the Bonde Mortgage Loan Office, 111 First st.

MONEY TO LOAN—IN SUMS TO SUIT BORrowers, from 111 to 111 years without removal, upon improved real estate. Address A. J. WELCH, Attorney at Law, 111, Portland.

LEATHER AND FINDINGS.

R. SHERLOCK, SADDLERY HARNESS HARDware, 74 Front st., Portland, Or.

HERBERT BRADLEY & CO., 109 FRONT ST., Importers of Shoe Manufacturers' Goods, Shoe Store Supplies, Blacktops, Dressings, Etc.

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

SNELL, HEITSHU & WOODARD, ESTABLISHED 1853, Portland, Or.

"SALEM"

PURE LINSEED OIL

Raw or Boiled

Made from Oregon grown clean Calcutta Linseed and guaranteed Pure Oil. The attention of consumers who desire good durable work is especially called to this Oil. For its general excellence of quality Our Boiled Oil is equal to the best Eastern. For sample, full weights, in cases or barrels, wholesale, in Portland by

KELLY, DUNNE & CO.,
SNELL, HEITSHU & WOODARD,
BLACK & CO. and at
PIONEER OIL WORKS, Salem, Or.
G. W. GRAY & SONS, Prop'rs.

Established 1857.

J. C. CARSON,

Manufacturer of and Dealer in

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Window and Plate Glass and General Building Supplies.

Estimates and Price Lists on application. Country orders a specialty. Factory at Multnomah Mill. Salesroom cor. Third and E sts.

OREGON OIL CLOTHING M'F'G CO.

NO. 111 NORTH FIRST STREET. FACTORY McMillen's addition, East Portland.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

B. L. N. GILMAN. C. M. STEVENS.

GILMAN & CO.,

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,

No. 111 FIRST ST., BET. PINE AND ASH.

AUCTION SALES of Real Estate, Furniture, General Merchandise, Horses, Cattle, Buggies, etc. Regular sales—Tuesday & Fridays at 10 o'clock A. M.

REGULAR AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

At Salesroom, No. 111 First st.

TUESDAY, APRIL 27, 1886, at 10 A. M.

GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

A. B. RICHARDSON,

AUCTIONEER—Office No. 111 Washington st.

SPECIAL AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

I will sell at Residence S. E. corner Eighth and H sts., No. 111,

ON TUESDAY, APRIL 27th,

At 10 o'clock A. M.

1 Upright Easy Chair, Silk Damask
1 Rocker, Lounge, Silk Damask
1 Fine Black Walnut Writing Desk
1 Fine Cabinet Plate Mirror

ALSO

Black Walnut Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Tables, Fine Carved Hair and Spring Mattresses, Bedspreads, Blankets, Feather Pillows, Comforts, Chairs, Dinner and Tea Sets, Crockery and Glassware, Heavy Plated Silverware, Dish Covers, Forks, Spoons, etc.

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

SPECIAL AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

I will sell at Residence No. 111 Ninth st., bet. Alder and Washington sts.

ON WEDNESDAY, APRIL 28th,

At 10 o'clock A. M.

Fine French Plate Mirror, Fine Oil Painting, Fine Rocking Chairs, Extension Table, Sideboard, Refrigerator, Washstands, Dressing Chairs, Stands and Hair Mattresses, Bedspreads, Blankets, Sheets, Pillow Slips.

ALSO

Brussels and Ingrain Carpets, Glass ware, Kitchen Range with all Cooking Utensils, complete.

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

WHEN

DELEGATES TO THE STATE CONVENTION

Come to Portland they will probably be struck by the fact that

ROBERTS

IS THE MAN OF ALL OTHERS TO GIVE THE BEST POSSIBLE VALUE FOR MONEY EXPENDED, AND THAT THERE NEVER WAS SUCH A STORE WHERE MONEY COUNTED SO MUCH OR WENT SO FAR.

—IN—

NEW SPRING SUITS

He has everything that is good and desirable, all the New Mixtures, all the New Shapes. Our FINE DRESS SUITS, which we have called attention to so frequently, are desired by men of fashion.

We Out-Distance All Competition with our Magnificent Bargains in

Boys' and Children's Clothing.

A. ROBERTS,

THE LEADING

Clothier, Merchant Tailor and Hatter,

FIRST AND ALDER.

DEMORALIZED.

On his arrival in San Francisco, our Mr. KING LEE found the market in a terribly demoralized condition, on account of the fearful cuts made every day in freight rates. Everybody wanted to get rid of goods, and the town is perfectly flooded with them. As KING LEE knows a good thing when it is offered to him, he pitched right in, and this is the result:

Ladies' Chemise and Drawers, per set	25 50
Ladies' Night Gowns	50
Ladies' Two Ruffled Skirts	50
Fine French Cotton Wrappers	1 25
Extra Fine Lawn "Mother Hubbard"	2
Extra Fine Lawn "Mother Hubbard"	2
Boys' 6 to 14 Border Handkerchief	05
Ladies' Cord Border Hemstitched Hdkf	10
Silk Mitts, extra long	25
Canvas Belts	10
Fine Leather Belts	25
Linen Vests	50
Lace Collars	25
Lace Sets, [illegible]	50
Ladies' Cotton Hose	10
Ladies' Balbriggan Hose	25

And a hundred other things in proportion.

LATEST STYLE PARASOLS.

The Imperial Bazaar,

NO. 65 MORRISON ST.,

Bet. Third and Fourth sts.

CITY OF VANCOUVER

IS LOCATED AT

THE PACIFIC TERMINUS

OF THE GREAT

—AN—

Enormous Purcha

—OF—

WASH DRESS GOOD

3000 PIECES

NEWEST FABRICS

—AT—

LOSS LEADER

During the past to ith we have ope
the ex ress and purchase of 3000 piec
Dress Goods, all shipped them to the
retail at 12½c. These goods are here and will be
this week.

This is will out exception the largest
choicest ever effected by one house in this
and when you see an opportunity to
Dublin the very latest Novelties and Sea
in Wash Dress Goods at

The LOWEST PRICE
Yet Known in Portland.

Among the many attractive lines offered in the
following desirable fabrics:

At 7c a yard—2000 yards
Regular price 10c.

At 7c a yard—2500 yards
Regular price 10c.

At 12½c a yard—2 cases
Gingham.

At 12½c a yard—3 cases
Gingham.

At 25c a yard—2 cs. Scotch
Gingham.

ETC. ETC. ETC.

S. Lipman & Co.

—THE—

Big Red House

57 and 57 Washington Street,
Corner of Third.

HAVE JUST OPENED THE

Largest and Finest Assortment

—OF—

Eastern Fancy Goods

—AT—

BED ROCK EASTERN PRICES!

Ladies' Muslin Drawers, pair, at
Ladies' Muslin Chemise, each
Ladies' Muslin Gowns, each
Ladies' Fancy Cotton Hose, pair
Ladies' Muslin Corset Covers, each
Children's Cotton Border Handkerchiefs, each
Hemstitching Linen Borders from 1c to
Turned and Tucked Lawn Edges from 2c to
Hand-sewing All Overs, newest patterns, from
Oriental Laces (cream white and black) from

SPECIAL!

8 Styles of Ladies' Lawn Aprons
100 Styles of Children's and
Latest Style
HOODS, CAPS & SUN-BONNE

French Caps worth 50c for 35c each.

ALSO

Dotted Swisses, Lawns, Bunting
ings, Shadings, Patterns,

DESIGNS EXCLUSIVELY OUR OW

Orders by mail free of charge to East Port
Every Delivery Orders Solicited. Samples free on app
ADDRESS P O Box 360

Bon Marche

—THE—

UNQUESTIONABLE CURE

—FOR—

COUGH & CO

ALISKY, BAUM & CO.

Celebrated Cough-Drop

COUGH

Recommended by Portland's Best Physi

Spring Millinery

The usual Fine Assortment
display at

MRS. G. H. CLARK

Fourth and Oak Sts.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

BOOTS & SHOES BELOW CO

NEW MILLINERY STOR

MRS. D. A. DENNIS

At 109 Morrison, bet. Fir

ORAL DISEASES.

GEO. H CHANCE, D.D.S

THE PORTLAND ICE C

Spring Millinery

The usual Fine Assortment
display at

MRS. G. H. CLARK

Fourth and Oak Sts.

The Oregonian.

Entered at the Postoffice at Portland Or, as second-class matter.

REVISED SUBSCRIPTION RATES

DAILY—DELIVERED FREE[AID]—IN ADVANCE

Daily, per month	$ 1 00
Daily without Sunday, per month	1 00
Daily, including Sunday, per month	1 20
Daily, including Sunday, per year	12 00
Sunday, per year	2 00
Weekly, per year	1 50
Sunday Weekly, per year	1 00

NO CITY SUBSCRIBERS

Daily, per week, delivered, Sunday excepted	25c
Daily per week, delivered, including Sunday	30c

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT

PORTLAND, April 24—8:40 P M

Name of Station	Wind Direction	Velocity of Wind in Miles per Hour	Temperature	Rainfall in Inches	State of Weather
Portland	S	6	67	00	Clear
Walla Walla	S	20	70	00	Clear
Salem	S	6	68	00	Clear
Roseburg	S	4	70	00	Clear
Ashland	S	4	70	00	Clear
Red Bluff	S	10	76	00	Fair
Yreka	S	4	72	00	Clear
Fort Canby	S	6	52	00	Light Rain
Port Townsend	S	6	52	00	Light Rain
Tatoosh Island	S	20	48	00	Cloudy
Neah Bay	S	18	50	00	Clear
Dungeness	S	14	54	00	Fair

Maximum thermometer 83; minimum 46.

TO-DAY'S WEATHER

SAN FRANCISCO, April 25—8 P M Indications for the next thirty-six hours Washington and Oregon Increased warm fair weather Light S

OVERLAND PASSENGERS.

Per Northern Pacific arriving over the Northern Pacific yesterday: Mrs C E Haight E Niles H L Dopkins, Mrs Gleason A F Macleod J K Mill Mrs Bond, T West A A Johnson A Muir Mrs Bond, R W Evans W Walter A Gart Mrs D Anderson, and fifty five immigrants

Per O R & N Co's steamer Huntington to arrive over the Short Line this evening: Mrs H Hahn H A Heilner Frank Mrs D Jones H Newark, George McGovern Isidore Mrs Mel Peters, J Durkheimer and forty seven

Per steamer Mistletoe to arrive over the Oregon & California this evening: D S Hardee, J A Webb, A D Wood, W L Scoggin

REPUBLICAN REPUBLICAN CO CONVENTION

The republican county convention met at the court house on Saturday. Joseph Simon was elected chairman and O F Paxton secretary

A full account of the proceedings was printed in the SUNDAY OREGONIAN. Following is the

DELEGATES TO THE STATE CONVENTION.

G A Steel,	S R. Linthicum,
John Wilson,	R. M. Dement,
W H. Harris,	W W Spaulding,
Paul R. Brady,	M F Malley
S R. Harrington	John Robertson,
J F McMillan,	Frank Hacheney,
D Mackay,	W T Everson,
O Sommers	W R Sewell,
R. M Dement	A. D Bevan,
H W Corbett,	A. H. Tanner,
J S Newell	George L Story,
Thomas A. Jordan	W L. Miller,
I N Saunders	M C George,
Wm Showers	C H Carey,
George Herold	H W Niles
D M C Gault	J A Brown
T M Hulbert	William Kapus,
A. P DeLin	

BRIEF MENTION

The Bohemian Girl' at the Casino to night

The Columbia crossed out at 2 P M yesterday

The Oregon had not been sighted from Astoria last evening

The steamer schooner Kate and Anna will never make the trip down Walla Walla to Portland again

Mrs. L. L. Rees of Cornville one of the superintendents for the state W C T U will address meeting at the W C T U hall this afternoon at 3

Manager Blaine has many new attractions in store for the week Mark Grayson continues his specialties.

George Harris the Lexington druggist was seized with a bottle of muriatic acid last Friday when it fell, shattered up into his face burning him se verely He narrowly escaped losing his left eye

Mr. Dr Owens-Adair delivered one of her able lectures to a crowded house yesterday out at Mt Tabor and Mrs. Riggs, district president presided A W C T U of twenty six members

The pigeon shooting at the White house yesterday was not a very brilliant success Eastern par ties participated in the shoot off Messrs Monmaster son, Moore and Dudley tied and divided the

Mr. Foxcroft & Son of Champoeg whose mill was burned about midnight on Wednesday of last week started

WHAT NO MAN CAN TELL.

Completion and Cost of the Panama Canal

Report by John Bigelow to the New York Chamber of Commerce—Uncertain Elements in the Work

In an elaborate and extensive report sent some days ago to the New York chamber of commerce John Bigelow tells a great deal that he saw and heard on his recent visit to Colon as a representative of that body to inspect the Panama canal. He supplies statements with ample statistics but on account of the experimental nature of the work and the impossibility of making more than a guess as to what remains to be done and the means that can be procured to do it, Mr. Bigelow does not venture an opinion as to the time when the canal will be completed, nor as to its total cost nor as to the revenue it can earn, nor even to the probabilities of the required means being provided for its prosecution.

The project of the canal as Mr. Bigelow defines it, contemplates the connection of the waters of the Atlantic at Colon with the waters of the Pacific at Panama by a canal of uniform level with out locks or tunnels and broad enough and deep enough for the transit of ships of the first class from the open sea at either end to the open sea at the other without any necessary interruption or detention. This involves a canal 46½ miles long through the valley of the Chagres 72 feet wide at the bottom with a depth of 26 feet of navigable water. The estimated excavation amounts to 120,000 000 cubic yards. The total excavation to the close of January last was 74,256 cubic meters, leaving to be excavated 104,814 cubic meters. Should the excavations through the remaining months of this year average as high as for January it will leave for round numbers 54,500 000 cubic meters yet to be excavated or less than four fifths of the whole.

But the work presents such a complicated problem and is so embossed by so large a proportion of uncertain factors that, even the number of machine dredges and excavators employed and the daily cost, Mr. Bigelow finds it impossible to predict whether the present excavation can be kept up or not when the canal will be finished or what it will cost. The work is prosecuted in part by a state under a weak and unsettled government in a healthy region and in part by rakes who receive everything necessary for construction imported and who can thus, unless severely exacted, call nothing, but the state for the canal. The work says Mr. Bigelow, which for its immediate cost and of accomplishment for the magnitude of its material results is by far the most important enterprise in all history is attended by many uncertain and unworkable conditions that the estimates of the most gifted and experienced engineers are at best but conjectural. Every step that is taken therefore is more or less experimental and defies any attempt at reduction to scientific equation.

Mr. Bigelow classifies under four heads the difficulties with which the company must contend. First, the control of the waters of the Chagres river, which in the rainy season is unrestrained is liable to flood the larger portion of the canal every year. This river with a normal flow of only between 450 and 500 cubic feet per second in the dry season has been known in recent years to discharge between 90 000 and 100 000 cubic feet per second in the wet season, and to rise from 40 to 50 feet above its normal level. No canal with such a neighbor at large Mr. Bigelow points out could live through a single rainy season. Two plans for its subjugation are under discussion one an enormous dam three fourths of a mile long and 140 feet high, across the Chagres at Gamboa, and the other to dispense with the dam altogether and enlarge the derivative channels of the river so as to carry off the great volume of water. At present the preponderance of opinion is in favor of the dam. It is not considered impracticable as an engineering problem. The difference between the two plans proposed is rather a question of cost than of practicability.

The second difficulty with which Mr. Bigelow deals is the cut through the Andes at Culebra in widening the removal of 22,000,000 cubic yards of earth and rock within a space of less than one mile and a half. He says: I did not hear of any insuperable difficulty in the accomplishment of this work but I can not but think that M. de Lesseps will be disappointed in his calculations, both in regard to the time and the cost of it. It is certainly not progressing at present at a rate which warrants the hope of its completion in 1890. The third difficulty mentioned is the keeping the Panama section of the canal from being filled in by the ocean and the Rio Grande. To keep up the force requisite for the mechanical operations to be carried on at this point will prove extremely difficult on account of its insalubrity.

But in the fourth and last difficulty Mr. Bigelow finds more uncertainty than in any other and he calls it the ratio of which the fortune of this enterprise revolve. It is the problem of securing the amount of labor required to carry on the work at practicable rates. The swamps the long rainy season and the pestilential atmosphere mean death to all but the native races of the tropics which there is a limited and at best a lazy supply. When the canal was begun unskilled labor was paid 90 cents a day. At present the wages of blacks are $2 50 and $3 a day. White mechanics get $8 gold and yet it is impossible to get even a mess. Mr. Bigelow is the number on the rolls (12 000) but a suspicion seemed to prevail on the isthmus that even this number is considerably exaggerated. Of course with 12 000 effective men or with twice that number, I do not see how any one can cherish the expectation of completing the canal in 1890. To Mr. Bigelow the situation suggests the logic of speedily replacing men with machines. From recent orders for dredges, excavating apparatus and other mechanical appliances he believes that the canal company is alive to this consideration.

In discussing the financial situation and prospects Mr. Bigelow finds the receipts of the company from all sources including the late call of 1,387,500 shares of stock at $100 dollars to the amount $138 000 000. He had no definite information of expenditures already expended but referred to the correspondent as authority that the company had still left in its treasury about $40,000,000. If the figures be proved can be trusted it will be the estimated cost of the canal will have been expended at the close of the year within at least four fifths of the excavation not to speak of supplementary or precautionary work will remain to be executed. But Mr. Bigelow adds: It would be very misleading to infer the cost of the work to remain to be done from the cost of the work that has been done. Fully two-thirds of the expenses already incurred are in the form of plant which will involve no future expense except for interest and depreciation. No doubt some of the money has been injudiciously expended, but what great work whether of a public or private character has escaped this reproach. Mr. Bigelow thinks that it will require very robust faith to believe that the canal can be opened from sea to sea for an additional sum no larger than the net proceeds of a new loan of $40 000 000 which M. de Lesseps is now soliciting, but he knows of no person who is competent to say with authority that it cannot be done.

Once opened, the writer of the report says it seems probable that the canal can be kept in order and operated at a smaller percentage upon the lowest estimate of its earnings than any other artificial waterway in the world. Whether its receipts will ever remunerate the stockholders for its cost is a question on which he has not sufficient data to form an opinion. Mr. Bigelow submits in detail estimates of the annual cost of tonnage that would pass the canal and speaks in a general way of its importance in securing to the United States the commercial and possible naval advantage of position in the impending contest of nations for the supremacy of the seas. No nation he says "would feel so promptly as the United States the influence of a canal that would reduce to about 8000 miles the voyage between her Atlantic and Pacific seaports."

Toward the conclusion the report says: To determine when the canal will be finished we must know first how much work is yet to be done and second how much money the company will be able and disposed to spend annually upon it. As to the third, how many laborers or their equivalent in machines it can command. That information has not yet been revealed to man. No one living can even now give anything more than a guess as to the amount of work to be done.

All these uncertain elements are rendered more uncertain by the financial situation of the company. It is about entering the market for a new loan of 600 000 000 francs. The price it will have to pay for this money is uncertain and the price of a future loan if one should become necessary is still more uncertain. Till the money is secured and the cost of getting it ascertained it would be absurd as safe to predict the quarter in which the work will be setting next Christmas day at Sir Lesseps, as the time when the canal will be finished or when it will cost.

That the canal will on be prosecuted to its completion without any very serious interruption is fairly to be presumed for too large a proportion of its cost has already been incurred to make it treat as good policy is an advance. Even Gambetta denounced the company the contractors here was would prot ably find it for their interest to continue and finish it.

REPLY TO REV L VERBAAG

The Roman Catholic Church and the Public Schools Again

EAST PORTLAND April

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN

In answering Mr Verbaag once more permit me to say that if this discussion is to be run into a petty little piece of dirt throwing, then I am done with the whole matter for the writer does not profess to have either the ability or disposition to stoop to the low level of Mr Verbaag's last article.

And right here let me remark that as to my person of April is called by this holy father a stump speech I have not heard him on and consequently he knows nothing about it. For this reason I pay no attention to anything he reports me to have said and in proof of this allow me to call your attention to the fact that his first article he makes me say that Roman souls the same now that it was 2000 years ago and in his second he makes me say 1400 years ago. You will notice, however, that he uses the word Catholic. But let that be as it may what I have said I am perfectly willing to repeat and if this holy father will come and hear me I will promise him a reserved seat. Now therefore let it be distinctly understood that I shall insist on one sentence he utters concerning what I said in my so called stump speech to be the fact that either reporter is a very poor one or he is himself manifestly dishonest. And in either case is not worth notice. As to Catholic teachers being prohibited from teaching in the public schools, simply because they are Catholics and the charge that Protestants introduced into the public schools "sectarian hymns" "sectarian books," "a sectarian bible," etc., is simply begging the question. Every public school director in the land will, perhaps, bear me out in the statement that in many parts of our country there are very worthy teachers in our schools who are members of the Roman Catholic church. But so far as sectarianism is concerned, the very point the writer insists upon is conceded by this priest in the charge he makes against the schools. The bible believed in and taught by Luther Calvin Wesley and indeed the entire Protestant world is to the Roman Catholic church a sectarian bible. And why? Simply because the Roman Catholicism is not found in it. And therefore any hymn or song or book found or used in our public schools that does not teach the Romish is pronounced sectarian. But of course any bible known or other book the Roman Catholic church should see fit to put into these schools would not be sectarian. Certainly not—here lies the difficulty. Roman Cath lism can't stand the light these schools turn in upon them. Then let it be understood that there is but one objection to the public schools that Roman Catholicism can and is a matter of fact does urge and that is—that they are not under the entire control of the Romish church. And hence Pope Pius IX declared some years ago substantially as follows. The Romish church has the right to interfere in the discipline of the public schools and in the arrangement of the studies of the public schools and in the choice of the teachers for these schools. That the public schools open to all children for the education of the young should be under the control of the Romish church and should no be subject to the civil power nor made to conform to the opinions of the age. And since, according to this priest, the Roman Catholic church never changes but remains always the same it is plain to all that we have no and the least little glittering reptile.

Is it safe to allow the pope to govern primary schools in a free nation. Ask Spain, ask Mexico, ask the many republics of South America. And I feel safe to say that the work of reformation in the last three centuries and the present century, in the line of intelligence and liberty, is largely due to the fact that the Romish church has been unwilling to give up the control of the schools. Let the church once get any such power in this land and from most valuable and resulted in the ruin of its most fruitful.

Our public schools include children of all nations, all tastes, all religious creeds and opinions. Let the Romish church get control of the public schools and what will be the result? Every child not of that church will be compelled to go to a Romish school or be taxed to support one. Every child will be compelled to read Romish books, study Romish history, and be taught Romish religion. Every teacher will be compelled to be a Romanist or lose his position. Every child will be compelled to attend church on Sunday and go to confession. Every child will be compelled to read the Douay bible. Every child will be compelled to learn the Romish catechism. Every child will be compelled to learn the Romish version of the history of the world. Every child will be compelled to learn that the Romish church is the only true church and that all others are false churches. Every child will be compelled to learn that the pope is the infallible head of the church on earth. Every child will be compelled to learn that the Romish church is the mother of all churches